

### ALL NORMAL SOON, SAYS DIAZ

GOVERNMENT ABLE TO COPE WITH REVOLUTIONARY FORCE.

Mexican Officers Send Families Out of Northern States to Places of Safety One Night Reported at El Paso

MEXICO CITY, Nov. 26.—In an interview with business men today President Diaz said the Government was able to cope with the small forces of the revolution, to which undue importance had been given by the press of the United States. Business had suffered but little, and in a short time everything would be restored to a normal basis. No more outbreaks were feared.

The report that Madero, the revolutionary leader, was wounded in a fight at Guerrero has not been confirmed. It is learned from an undoubted authority that many Mexican army officers are sending their families from the northern districts to Mexico city and the United States.

There are still indications of unrest and apprehension in these sections.

LAREDO, Tex., Nov. 26.—Capt. J. H. Rogers of the Texas Rangers returned to this city last night from a scouting trip up the Rio Grande in search of revolutionists. He said he found their camp deserted a few minutes before. He believed the revolutionists were warned by pickets of his approach and they took to the chaparral. The brush is so dense a dog cannot penetrate it. A camp fire was found in the Texas side opposite the San Enrique ranch, owned by Madero's uncle on the Mexican side.

The rangers found tags or checks from new rifles, sizes 38-30. They also heard of a man who exhibited a note signed by Madero ordering the foreman of the San Enrique ranch to turn over all the horses, several hundred in number, under penalty of death.

The officers are now trying to obtain a trace of the man with the note. If the story is verified a warrant will be issued for Madero's arrest for violation of the neutrality laws. This is the first positive evidence the authorities have been able to secure. The officers say they can locate Madero near here when sufficient evidence to justify a warrant is obtained.

Gen. Villara, the commander of the Mexican forces along the Rio Grande, reports to-night a quiet day throughout Mexico and order restored everywhere. It is now said by sympathizers with Madero that the recent outbreaks were by robbers and rioters and had no connection with Madero's movement. It is said that he is still on the Texas side of the Rio Grande arranging plans for a revolution to come off later. Quiet reigns in the interior, but only for a short time, they say.

EL PASO, Tex., Nov. 26.—With quiet reported elsewhere in northern Mexico, news came to El Paso this afternoon of a battle fought on Wednesday in the vicinity of the Mormon colonies in northern Chihuahua. It was also reported that the Mormons in Colonia Juarez are in fear of an attack and are arming to repulse the rebels.

The report says that the fighting took place at the Mexican town of Managua and that two insurgents were killed and a number of gendarmes and officials wounded. The insurgents numbered 200, and a telephone message from Colonia Juarez to Casas Grandes says that the insurgents are reported only fifty miles away and riding toward the colonies. This is not the first time these pioneers have had to fight. Several times in the last decade they have had to stand off bandits, Indians and revolutionists.

Gen. Earl D. Thomas and a company of the Eighteenth Infantry arrived at Nogales, Ariz., today to enforce neutrality, and the Texas Ranger company, commanded by Capt. Thomas L. Hughes, sent a detachment to El Paso to maintain order in the county, to watch the border. At Marathon last night eleven Mexicans were arrested charged with smuggling liquor from Mexico, and those men are now believed to be the ones whose presence last week made the people believe they were going to be attacked by armed Mexicans. The prisoners were sent to Alpine for a hearing.

While all is quiet in Mexico, troop trains are moving toward the northern part of the country, according to reports from the Government. The troops are being scattered everywhere to protect the Government against any uprising in the mountains. There is only a handful of troops at Casas Grandes. The men were sent there two years ago when the trouble occurred. Casas Grandes is a small town, and Las Palomas, west of El Paso, is a small town.

### DIAZ AMERICAN FRIEND

Mexican President Quite Deaf, but Not Worried Over Revolutionary Doings.

SALVADOR, Nov. 26.—Conrad Byrne of Kansas City, engineer and railroad builder, called upon President Diaz today on a matter regarding a big transportation proposition in Mexico. He says the President declared himself emphatically against tolerating any ill feeling toward Americans. He said Mexico had been for a long time on friendly terms with America and would remain so as long as he had anything to say. Mexico, he said, was much to America for the millions they have invested in developing her resources and Americans and Mexicans should always be friends.

Mr. Byrne said he deplored the recent anti-American outbreak and for every American killed Mexico would pay back three lives.

Mr. Byrne says President Diaz is almost deaf and that he wears a trumpet attached to a black wire. This trumpet he holds in his hand when conversing, while the microphone is concealed in his vest. President Diaz impressed Mr. Byrne as being little concerned about the revolutionary reports. He only referred to the disturbances once and then in a slight manner.

### COURT Voids PULLMAN RULE

Holds That Passenger May Take His Blankets Into Car.

EL PASO, Tex., Nov. 26.—That a man may carry a roll of blankets into a Pullman car if he wishes, that it is a place for the "common people," as well as the elite, regardless of the rules of the Pullman Company, was decided today in County Court when a jury gave W. A. Custer a verdict of \$500 against the Pullman Company for being ejected from a car after he had bought a ticket because he tried to take his blanket roll in with him.

### \$14,000,000 MEXICAN PROJECT

Hydro-Electric Plant for Torreon Railroad to the Pacific.

CHICAGO, Nov. 26.—English and German bankers have organized a company with a capital of \$14,000,000 to establish an immense power plant on the River Balas, near Torreon, to generate electricity to light the city and for mine use. The company will also build a railroad from the city of Puebla west to the Pacific. Work will be started immediately.

### NOT GET RICH QUICK OIL

Postmaster-General Clears Admiral Evans's Company of Imputation.

The following telegram was received by THE SUN last night:

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Nov. 26.—Immediately upon publication in the Los Angeles Examiner of November 23, 1910, of a statement reflecting upon the California Consolidated Oil Company, of which I am president, I sent the following telegram to the Attorney-General of the United States:

Attorney-General George W. Wickersham, Washington, D. C.

Los Angeles Examiner of November 23 published an article stating that Postmaster-General Hitchcock and his assistant, Warren W. Dixon, are investigating the California Consolidated Oil Company, of which I am president. The article states that Mr. Dixon has said that this company is in the infant class in comparison with Burr Bros. and terms the California Consolidated Oil Company a "get rich quick concern."

I earnestly request that you will use all the power of your office for a full investigation of the California Consolidated Oil Company if you deem that necessary and at the same time I demand that Postmaster-General Hitchcock be forced to prove the assertions made by his assistant. I beg that you will have done at the earliest possible moment. The article I complain of has just reached me here on the Mascot property, where I am caring for the interests of the California Consolidated Oil Company. The statement referred to being so flagrantly unjust, I think you will give this communication to the press.

Please give me an answer at the Palace Hotel, San Francisco, where I will arrive on Saturday morning.

R. D. EVANS.

President California Consolidated Oil Company.

The Attorney-General of the United States replied with the following telegram:

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 26, 1910.

Re: Admiral R. D. Evans, Palace Hotel, San Francisco, Cal.

Have brought your telegram attention Postmaster-General, who tells me there is no truth in the assertion that he has made the statements to which you refer. On the contrary, he told me in New York he had received no complaints concerning your company and was making no investigation concerning it.

GEORGE W. WICKERSHAM.

Then I sent him the following request:

George W. Wickersham, Attorney-General, Washington, D. C.

I am writing to you to request that you act so promptly. Request commission to give your answer to the press to counteract effect of libelous articles published November 23.

R. D. EVANS.

And this is his reply:

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 26, 1910.

Admiral R. D. Evans, Palace Hotel, San Francisco, Cal.

No objection to your giving message to press if you like, but Postmaster-General will himself make announcement to press probably today.

GEORGE W. WICKERSHAM.

R. D. Evans, President California Consolidated Oil Company.

### IS YR PATIENT WAS RICH

Superintendent of Bloomingdale Tells Something About John G. Coster.

WHITE PLAINS, Nov. 26.—John Gerard Coster of Brooklyn, who died this week in the Bloomingdale asylum after being confined there for forty-eight years, was a grandson of the late Charles Henry Coster, who was in the banking business in New York city. Dr. Samuel B. Lyon, superintendent of Bloomingdale, said to-night that he could remember very little of the history of Mr. Coster because the latter had been in the asylum for nearly half a century, while he had been superintendent of the institution for only thirty years.

"He came from a very aristocratic family of Manhattan," said Dr. Lyon. "All the bills for his care have been sent lately to Edward L. Coster and Henry Coster, 25 Broad street, Manhattan. In the last few years Mr. Coster had developed senile dementia. He imagined that he was very large and insisted always on having his clothing made nearly twice his size. He professed to be a great traveler who spent a great deal of his time abroad but died in New York."

It is believed that Mr. Coster left a very large estate, although no one could be found to-day who could throw any light on the amount. His committee, consisting of Edward L. Coster and Henry Coster, paid \$80 a week for his maintenance at Bloomingdale. Dr. Lyon said, however, that Mr. Coster's nearest relative and his heir is said to be Edward L. Coster, who lives at Irvington. When questioned about the relationship he declined to say anything and referred the reporter to Mr. Keane, who he said, lived in Brooklyn.

### DIES IN STREET CAR

Man Supposed to Be C. H. Wiley of Brooklyn Was Travelling Forward.

A man, supposed from letters in his pocket to be C. H. Wiley of 122 Hoyt street, Brooklyn, died suddenly in a third-fourth street street car early this morning. He boarded the car at Seventh avenue a few minutes after midnight.

When the car reached the East Thirty-fourth street ferry and the few other passengers got off Conductor William Martin saw the man, apparently asleep. He tried to rouse him and found that he couldn't. The body was taken to the East Thirty-fifth street police station.

The man was about 55 years old, 5 feet 7 1/2 inches in height and weighed 175 pounds. He carried a paper suit box such as is used in the delivery of clothes.

### BROOMMAKERS WANT MORE PAY

Manufacturers Refuse and Close Certain Departments of Their Factories.

AMSTERDAM, N. Y., Nov. 26.—The broom makers and broom sewers of the several broom factories in Amsterdam and Fonda a few days ago made a request for an advance in wages. The manufacturers have refused the demand and have closed the broom winding and broom sewing departments of their factories. About 200 men are affected.

The manufacturers contend that they are now paying the wages that they have paid for many years, and that the work is not as hard as it was in the past. They say that the demand means an increase of 30 to 40 per cent in the wages now paid, as well as a decrease in the production of brooms, meaning the hours of work to nine.

About four years ago there was a demand by the broom makers for more wages. Most of the men who now are in the industry were members of a union.

### An Exhibition of the Piano's History

This is to be Stetson's week at Aeolian Hall, 362 Fifth avenue. The feature will be an exhibition open to the public of musical instruments showing the history of the piano from the clavichord of the early Middle Ages through the clavichord and harpsichord up to the modern instrument and its self-playing devices as installed in the Steinway Grand pianos, piano.

The exhibit was given by the Steinway and Sons, showing old and new instruments. The first to be given Tuesday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

### BRINGS EGYPTIAN PAPYRI

PROF. MAX MULLER ADDS TO THE U. OF P. COLLECTION.

Famous Archaeologist Also Has Secured Copies of Three Hundred Inscriptions in the Temple of Philae—Soon to Begin Work of Deciphering.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 26.—With what he says is the largest collection of papyri ever brought into the United States, Prof. W. Max Muller of the University of Pennsylvania arrived in this city to-day after spending six months in Egypt.

The amount paid for the collection was not divulged, but Prof. Muller said its purchase had been made possible by the generosity of Mrs. Charles Curtis Harrison, wife of the provost of the University of Pennsylvania. The entire collection will be placed in the museum of arts and sciences in the university.

Besides bringing back this collection Prof. Muller brought copies of 300 inscriptions found in the ancient Temple of Philae, on the island of Philae. This island is doomed to destruction by the construction of the Assuan dam, which converts the section of the Nile Valley in which it lies into a vast reservoir to correct the inequalities in the annual rise of the river. It is believed that after the flood this winter the island will entirely disappear from view. It was to have these inscriptions copied and later deciphered that the Carnegie Institution of Washington sent Prof. Muller to the island.

Six months ago, he said to-day that he arrived at the "twelfth hour" and made the last exploration of the ancient temple.

"Many of the inscriptions had already been destroyed by the rising waters," said Prof. Muller, "but I succeeded in copying some 300 of those remaining."

The work of deciphering will require a long time.

With the addition of the collection of papyri Prof. Muller said the free museum of arts and science at the university will be the richest not only in Babylonian documents but in Egyptian texts as well.

Prof. Muller said he purchased the collection of papyri from a private collector in Cairo.

Interesting data is expected to be uncovered with the deciphering of the papyri and the inscriptions found in the Temple of Philae.

Most of the records are in ink. Prof. Muller said, and he believes they will give facts relating to the decline of paganism and the victory of Christianity. As the Temple of Philae was the chief center for Egyptian religion it is supposed that the inscriptions are mostly in the form of prayers.

The papyri is expected to shed light on the internal wars of Egypt during the Greek period about 200 years before Christ. Some of the documents in this collection, Prof. Muller says, date back to 700 B. C.

The work made possible by the Carnegie Institution, much more than paper care must be exercised in handling them, the professor said, because on account of their great age they are very brittle. Two years ago the Academy of Berlin sent an expedition to Egypt to copy the hieroglyphic texts in the Temple of Philae. The members found that the inscriptions were in demotic, and not in hieroglyphs as they had supposed. Prof. Muller said, was a kind of shorthand used by the Egyptians. He is an expert in deciphering this language and was accordingly sent by the Carnegie Institution to do the work.

Prof. Muller said that it is his intention to publish a book for the Carnegie Institution telling of his research and the result of his work. He has already published several books dealing with archaeology.

Prof. Muller said he was well pleased with the success of his expedition and that he will begin at once the work of deciphering the inscriptions and papyri he brought with him.

### CHURCH CASE IN HIGH COURT

Princeton Presbyterian May Close and Sell Cedar Grove Property.

TRENTON, N. J., Nov. 26.—The Court of Errors and Appeals filed an opinion to-day affirming the action of the trustees of the First Presbyterian Church of Princeton in closing and offering for sale the Cedar Grove Church. The Court holds that it was the clear duty of the trustees to close this church under the express terms of the deed of trust placing the church in their care. The Princeton church determined three years ago that under the terms of the Tullane trust it was their duty to discontinue services and sell the Cedar Grove Church because of lack of interest and attendance.

On the day of the decision were restrained from selling the church by an injunction issued by the Court of Chancery. The Vice-Chancellor, who heard the case, approved of the action of the trustees and ordered the injunction dissolved. The Cedar Grove people appealed this decision and the higher court affirmed the action of the Vice-Chancellor. The trustees may now close and sell the church.

### CUSTODY OF A WIFE'S BODY

Court Decides That a Husband's Claim Is Superior to That of Parents.

PORTHOREN, Nov. 26.—The question of whether a husband has the right to the custody of his wife's body against her own blood relatives was decided in the affirmative to-day by Justice Joseph Morsehauser of the Supreme Court. Harry Pettit asked for an order permitting him to remove his wife's remains from the plot of Mrs. Margaret Carmack, where they are interred. The attorney for Mrs. Carmack argued that mother and son should have the first claim. The court thought differently, and said that a man should be a free and unhindered visitor to his wife's grave and that his claim was superior to that of his parents. Pettit got the order he asked for.

### EARTHQUAKE AT LONG RANGE

Makes Washington Recording Machine Quiver Though 3,100 Miles Away.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—The Weather Bureau issued the following bulletin to-day:

"The seismographs at the Weather Bureau recorded an earthquake beginning at 6 m. 35 sec. A. M. 76th meridian time, November 26. The second preliminary tremors began at 18 min. 3 sec. A. M. The strong motion of the earthquake began at about 11 min.

"The motion was prolonged for nearly three hours, but was only of moderate intensity at any time. The maximum motion occurred at 43 min. and was greater in the east-west component of motion than in the north-south. It is estimated that the distance of the origin from Washington is about 5,100 miles, but it is hardly practicable to assign any probable location for the origin or the direction from Washington."

### Ex-Senator James Smith in Washington

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—Ex-Senator James Smith, Jr., of Newark, N. J., was in Washington to-day for a short time, accompanied by his son, on his way South for a few days rest. The Senator said greater in the east-west component of motion than in the north-south. It is estimated that the distance of the origin from Washington is about 5,100 miles, but it is hardly practicable to assign any probable location for the origin or the direction from Washington."

### STRIKE MURDERER CONDEMNED

But Labor Leader Durand of Rouen May Not Have His Head Chopped Off.

PARIS, Nov. 26.—The trial of seven dockers in the Assize Court at Rouen for the killing of a foreman coal shifter named Donge during the strike ordered by the Coal Shifters Union at Havre last September was concluded last night.

The jury found the leader of the seven accused persons, a man named Durand, guilty of conspiracy to kill, without extenuating circumstances, and he was condemned to death. One other aggressor was condemned to fifteen years penal servitude and two more to eight years imprisonment. The three others were acquitted.

The widow of the murdered man received 20,000 francs (\$4,000) damages. Donge had gone on strike with the others, but returned to work because, as he told his comrades, he had children to feed. The Coal Shifters Union then upon held a meeting and Durand as secretary took a vote on a motion to the effect that Donge and two others ought to be got rid of. The motion was carried unanimously.

Two nights later as Donge was returning from work he was set upon by a crowd of strikers and received such a beating that he died shortly afterward. For the defence the plea was set up that the affair was only a drunken quarrel and Durand's words in putting the motion meant that Donge should be put out of the union.

### MIDDY HAD A PUNCH

Gave It to French Ruffian Who Tackled Him and the Police Did the Rest.

SPECIAL CABLE DISPATCH TO THE SUN.

CHEROKEE, Nov. 26.—Midshipman Edward C. Raguet of the battleship South Carolina was attacked by a ruffian to-day, but the attacker made a mistake in his selection of a victim.

Raguet gave him a punch that almost knocked him out and before he recovered the police took charge of him.

### FLIGHT RECORD BEATEN

French Lieutenants Cover 120 Miles in Six Hours and a Half.

SPECIAL CABLE DISPATCH TO THE SUN.

PARIS, Nov. 26.—Lieuts. Delage and Mailles flew 204 kilometers, about 120 miles, to-day from Etampes to Blois and return in six hours 35 minutes, beating the record for the distance.

### MOSES C. WETMORE DEAD

Democratic Politician Victim of a St. Louis Street Accident.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 26.—Col. Moses C. Wetmore died this afternoon at 2 o'clock as the result of injuries suffered when run down by a horse and buggy driven by Joseph A. Bachmann, a saloon keeper, here Wednesday afternoon at Broadway and Olive street.

His injuries consisted chiefly of concussion of the brain and a fractured shoulder. He was unconscious when taken to the hospital and died in that condition.

Col. Wetmore was Democratic national committeeman from Missouri and chairman of the finance committee of the national Democratic organization. He had been active in politics for many years and was an intimate personal and political friend of William Jennings Bryan.

Wetmore made a large fortune as one of the principal owners of the Liggett & Myers Tobacco Company, which was bought up by the tobacco trust about ten years ago. He opposed the sale of the factory to the trust and for several years the trust waged a vigorous war upon his company. Finally the other owners of the company decided to sell out, and the trust and the sale was made over the protest of Wetmore.

After the Liggett & Myers plant was sold to the trust Wetmore and some of his friends started an independent plant. This was operated successfully for twelve months, but Col. Wetmore's health failed and it too was sold to the trust. Wetmore then retired from active business and lived for a time at the Planters Hotel. He owned a great hunting preserve in Taney county, Mo., and every fall he invited Bryan and other Democratic notables to join him in a deer hunt.

### STOLE AND PAIRED DIAMONDS

Jewelry Clerk Says He Was Tempted After Losing Money in Stocks.

Every now and then since last July diamonds have been missing from the stock of William Barthman, jeweler at 174 Broadway. A detective from Headquarters was called in recently, and suspicion was pretty well narrowed down to an entry clerk named Henry Ollrogge of Elmhurst, L. I. Detective Summers arrested the clerk yesterday on the charge of grand larceny brought against him by F. William Barthman, Jr., the firm's manager.

When they searched Ollrogge at Headquarters they found in his pockets about nineteen tickets for diamonds which he had pawned with a loan company. According to the manager's admission, he had taken the diamonds and said that he had been speculating in stocks, had been unfortunate, and when the squeeze came the temptation was too great. Ollrogge is 26 years old and is not married. Mr. Barthman said last night that the firm had lost about \$5,000. Ollrogge said that he had realized about \$1,000 on the pawned stones.

Kills Himself for Grief Over Son's Death.

CHICAGO, Nov. 26.—Frank P. Schmitt, 77 years old, father of the late Senator Frank P. Schmitt, Jr., who died in Italy two months ago, former member of the Board of Trade and retired commission merchant, ended his life by jumping from a bridge into the Lincoln Park lagoon to-day. Continued brooding over his son's death was responsible for the old man's act.

A letter to his dead son's widow declared that all in life he held dear had vanished, and now he had nothing to live for. He referred to his son's death.

### Coroner's Jury Finds That Plaster Wasn't Fit

PASADENA, Me., Nov. 26.—A Coroner's jury to-day returned a verdict that Billy Dunning, the Millinocket heavyweight boxer who died here yesterday following a knockout in a bout with Jack Lewis of Chicago. Thursday night, came to his death while participating in a boxing exhibition when he was physically unfit to take part in such a contest.

### Oklahoma's Population 1,557,155

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—The population of Oklahoma in 1910 is 1,557,155, according to an announcement made at the Census Bureau to-day.

In 1900 the population of Oklahoma and Indian territory combined, which are now comprised in the State of Oklahoma, was 790,391. This was an increase of 78.9 per cent from 1900 to 1910, when Oklahoma became an independent State.

### BISHOP WHITAKER RETIRES

RESIGNS MOST OF HIS AUTHORITY TO COADJUTOR.

Infirmities of Age and Increasing Ill Health Cause Head of Pennsylvania Episcopal Diocese to Give Up the More Arduous Part of His Duties.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 26.—An announcement was made to-day that Bishop Ozi W. Whitaker, head of the Protestant Episcopal diocese of Pennsylvania, has resigned virtually his entire ecclesiastical authority into the hands of Bishop Coadjutor Alexander Mackay-Smith. Bishop Whitaker in his letter surrendering his authority to Bishop Coadjutor Mackay-Smith reserved to himself direction in five matters.

The action of Bishop Whitaker was due to his advanced age and continued illness. He is now 80 years old and for some time he has been confined to his home. His eyesight has also become impaired, making it impossible for him to attend to the active duties of his office.

By direction of Bishop Whitaker the announcement of the appointment of Bishop Mackay-Smith as ecclesiastical authority in the diocese of Pennsylvania has been sent to all the clergy and will be read in many of the churches at services to-morrow. The letter was sent on Friday. It is as follows:

"My Dear Bishop—

"In accordance with the provision contained in section 3, canon 12, of the General Canons, I hereby request you to become the ecclesiastical authority of the diocese of Pennsylvania save in the following, in which I shall continue to act as the ecclesiastical authority, viz:—

"First, in making appointments for vicars to administer the sacrament of confirmation.

"Second, in all matters arising under canon 1 to 8 inclusive of the General Canons, the same relating to postulants and candidates for holy orders.

"Third, in all matters arising under canon 18 of the General Canons, the same being entitled 'Of the solemnization of matrimony.'

"Fourth, in receiving notification of the name of any clergyman whom it is proposed to elect rector of any parish as public for in section 11, canon 13, of the general canons.

"Fifth, in making appointments of ministers to be in charge of organized parishes in the diocese where such parishes receive aid from the diocese, in accordance with the provisions of section 8 of canon 8 of the canons of the diocese of Pennsylvania. Affectionately yours,

O. W. WHITAKER.

Bishop of Pennsylvania.

"To the Right Rev. Alexander Mackay-Smith, D. D., Bishop Coadjutor of the Diocese of Pennsylvania.

Following is the text of Bishop Mackay-Smith's reply:

"My Dear Bishop—

"In accordance with the request contained in your letter of even date I hereby become the ecclesiastical authority of the diocese of Pennsylvania, save in such matters as you have notified me that you will continue to act as the ecclesiastical authority. Affectionately yours,

ALEXANDER MACKAY-SMITH.

Bishop Coadjutor of Pennsylvania.

### PHONE HEARING MONDAY

On Tuesday the Westchester Commuters Will Have Their Say.

All of the members of the Public Service Commission, Second District, will come to New York on Monday to take up various complaints in this city that the interborough toll rates charged by the New York Telephone Company are excessive and unreasonable. The hearings will be held in rooms in the Engineering Societies Building, 29 West Thirty-ninth street. Complaints generally are against the recent charge between boroughs in the greater city, and the commission is asked to reduce the charge to five cents for each message.

On Tuesday at the same place the commission will take up complaints which have been filed with it against the increase of commutation rates by the New York, New Haven and Hartford and the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad companies in the suburban district of New York city.

The complainants against the New Haven are Mayor Edwin W. Fiske of Mount Vernon, Mayor Harry E. Colwell of New Rochelle, Thomas W. Hall of New Rochelle and E. Ericson of Port Chester. Against the New York Central the complainants are Mayor Fiske of Mount Vernon, Charles H. Brady of Peekskill, Mayor James T. Lennon of Yonkers and William F. Gregory of White Plains.

On Wednesday, Thursday and Friday Albany the commission will give final hearings on the application of the Buffalo, Rochester and Eastern Railroad Company for permission to construct a steam railroad across the State from Troy to Buffalo.

### COMPLAINTS REFLECTED

Federation in a Sour Note Over the Western Federation of Miners.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 26.—The American Federation of Labor rejected President Goetsch and its other officers without opposition to-day and chose Atlanta for the 1911 convention.

After a contest lasting seven hours over the admission of the Western Federation of Miners to the American Federation of Labor, with jurisdiction over all men permanently employed in the mines, the troublesome problem was referred to the executive council with power to act. The vote being 7,200 to 6,000, the vote was 7,200 to 6,000.

The executive council will meet here to-morrow with Charles Meyer, president of the Western Federation of Miners, James O'Connell, president of the International Association of Machinists, and others interested to consider the matter. That the squabble is not a mere question of jurisdiction, as also the fact that the American Federation of Labor may lose the International Association of Machinists.

### Cow Pony Reminded of Old Times

NEW ROCHELLE, Nov. 26.—Recollections of his former life in the West came back when Cyclone, the new Western pony of the Windsor Dairy of New Rochelle heard the moaning of a cow while he was standing hitched to a delivery wagon in front of a house on Pintard avenue this afternoon. Pricking up his ears Cyclone gazed around, located a cow grazing in a nearby pasture, started over a gallop and ran. Up a high terrace went the pony. Then he leaped a stone wall into